

The Andrew County Republican.

NO FAVOR SWAYS US AND NO FEAR SHALL AWE.

O. E. PAUL,
Editor and Publisher.

SAVANNAH, MO., FRIDAY, AUGUST 14, 1874.

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SAVANNAH DIRECTORY.

Advertisements in this column, fifty cents per line for one week, including the press of head. Those who advertise in this column are reliable and straightforward in their respective callings.

ATTORNEYS.

J. H. STEWART, Attorney-at-law and Notary Public, Office, Court-house, up stairs. Parties desiring of having money can have it secured with real estate on short notice.

W. W. CALDWELL, attorney-at-law and Notary Public, Office, Court-house, up stairs. Parties desiring of having money can have it secured with real estate on short notice.

G. T. BRYAN, attorney-at-law, will practice in all the courts of Northwest Missouri. Special attention given to business in the county and probate courts. Office over the jail, opposite Probate office.

GREENLEE & PEARSON, attorneys and counsellors at law. Particular attention given to collections. Office on the south side of the square, in new Bank Building.

JOHN B. MAJORS, attorney-at-law. Will transact all business entrusted to him promptly and carefully. Can be found at the Treasurer's office, Savannah, Mo.

O. A. WHITTAKER, attorney at law and General Claim Agent, Savannah, Mo. Solicitors' claims against the Government for land warrants, back pay and bounty, widows' and invalid pensions and general collections attended to with great care and promptness. Also, forwarding and land agent for the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad Company. All inquiries promptly answered. He will ticket parties to all points on the road. Call on him.

BAKERY, &c.

H. C. SHEPHERD, Eagle bakery, confectionery and restaurant, west side of the square. Parties furnished on short notice.

HARDWARE, &c.

C. COLBURN & CO., dealers in hardware, stoves and tinware, north side of the square, Savannah, Mo. Jobbing in tinwork done on short notice.

PHYSICIANS.

D. G. H. DAVENPORT having located in Savannah, offers his professional services to the citizens of Savannah and vicinity. Office at his residence on Main street, one block east of the square.

SOCIETIES.

I. H. F. Savannah Lodge, No. 51, A. F. & A. M., meets first Saturday in each month, at 7 o'clock P. M. All brothers in good standing are cordially invited to visit us. E. W. JOY, W. M. E. M. MITCHELL, Sec'y.

JAS. C. HIGGINS, JOHN M. STEWART, HIGGINS & STEWART, (late of Savannah, Mo.) Attorneys at Law, One Third Edmund street, over Goodfellow's Jewelry store. ST. JOSEPH, MO. Will practice in all the courts in Northwest Missouri. Correspondence addressed to us at Savannah or St. Joseph will meet with prompt attention. Special attention given to collections.

C. WASSMER, Dealer in and manufacturer of Furniture And Metallic COFFINS, North Side the Square, Savannah. (In the three-story brick.)

COFFINS OF ALL SIZES KEPT on hand. I also keep constantly on hand a large quantity of the best quality of lumber to make any article of furniture desired. Give me a call. I can not be undersold by any dealer west of the Mississippi.

There can always be found day and night at my old residence, ready to sell out the ready-made to all who call.

STOTTS & THURTELL, Dealers in MARBLE, Monuments, Headstones, Tablets, &c.

WATERMAN'S BUILDING, Main street, Savannah. We are now prepared to fill orders for CEMENT WORK from a good selection of designs. Well executed work and cheaper for the same work than any other dealer in this section of the country. Building stone furnished.

Ulrich Opplinger, DEALER IN WATCHES!

Clocks, Jewelry, Plated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Spectacles, Musical Instruments, &c., &c. SAVANNAH, MO. All kinds of repairing done and warranted.

West Side the Square.

SAVANNAH, MO. All kinds of repairing done and warranted.

Correspondence.

"Rural" Closes the Correspondence.

MR. EDITOR—I regret very much that I am compelled to notice another article from "Farmer," but in his last article he makes so many misstatements and disguises himself so completely, that I feel it a duty to unmask him and let the people know what he is. Would any one suppose, after reading his article of last week, that he has anything whatever to do with this new movement? Any yet while he seeks to prejudice the people against it over the title of "Farmer," he is personally one of its professed friends, and takes part in all its deliberations.

He tells the people that a ring of four active members run the whole machine at Savannah on the 1st, and yet he presented himself to the convention on the 10th, claimed a seat and took part in the business of the convention as a delegate, appointed by this very ring of four members.

Where is there a man, who has the least sense of honor or self-respect about him, who would have stooped so low as to act as a delegate from that meeting, after saying what he did about it? For what purpose did he act as a delegate, after writing his article last week?

He charges me with neglect of duty, in not protesting against a meeting of which he was chairman. I had no authority over the meeting in any manner whatever, and even if I had, he debases himself in having acted as its chairman, and afterward virtually asserting that the persons who participated in it violated their obligations as Patrons. I deny that the announcement was made before the grange closed, or that there was any appearance of refusing admission to anyone without the grange password. I had preferred that the meeting had been held in some other place, not that the persons present had not a perfect right to hold it, but that it was liable to such misrepresentations as he has made. I have no recollection whatever of being present at a grange meeting at which it was attempted to discuss political matters, and at which he worked so valiantly to suppress. It is the first time I have heard the charge made.

"People everywhere are inquiring where, when and how did the committee get their authority to call the meetings last Saturday." Who would think, after reading his article, that he was chairman of the meeting, and as such chairman appointed the committee whose call, as he asserts, the people have not responded to in more than one or two precincts? Did he think of this when in the convention on the 10th; or, that the committee were appointed for another purpose; if so, why was he in the convention? Is he that modest, unassuming, truth-loving individual he professed to be some time ago, or is he a two-faced man, basely assailing and misrepresenting the farmers' movement over a *nom de plume*, and at the same time personally appearing in its meetings as its friend. Could any one believe that the individual who assailed the farmers' movement in the REPUBLICAN of last week has been in all the deliberations of that movement in this county as its professed friend? Yet it is true. I might show him up in another light, but will not do it.

I cannot—I will not—continue a controversy with an individual who takes the course that he has taken. I have said nothing of him which I do not know to be true. He may say of me what he pleases, and I will take no further notice of him. I leave him with the exclamation: "Alas, my brother."

RURAL.

Kunkel's Mineral Spring.

SAVANNAH, AUGUST 7, 1874.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN—DEAR SIR: Having returned from a visit to the mineral well of Mr. Henry Kunkel in Holt county, Missouri, and believing that there are many who are incredulous about the mineral or medicinal properties of the water, as I must confess I was before visiting it, I deem it a duty incumbent on me to say I found it all that is claimed for it.

THE FOUNTAIN, an artesian well, is located about two miles east of Mount City in that county. The stream or vein was discovered about three and a half years ago by the present owner while prospecting for mineral. The vein is about forty-one feet below the surface, and is about two feet in depth, and supposed to be several feet wide and very swift. It was reached by boring; and a gas pipe about an inch and a quarter in diameter was inserted, through which a constant stream flows out at the top about five feet above the surface of the ground. I think the stream would fill a twelve or fifteen inch pipe as well as the one now used, and might be made valuable for milling or manufacturing purposes.

THE WATER, upon being analyzed, proved to contain seven different mineral properties highly beneficial to the human system, the most important of which are iron, sulphur and magnesium; but the water has the greatest effect when drunk fresh from the fountain, as some of the medical properties are in a gaseous form and pass off and are lost if the water is allowed to stand; yet much benefit may be derived from taking the water away in barrels or other vessels and drinking it at home, for there is a large percent of iron in it which is not lost by allowing the water to stand.

The reputation which the water has attained has not been made by a vigorous system of adver-

tising, but by the true merits of the water alone. The proprietor is not endeavoring to make it a source of profit, but invites the afflicted every where to come and profit by it without money and without price, and the good effects produced seem to be sufficient remuneration to satisfy him.

"Uncle Henry," as he is called by everybody, is a large hearted, jovial German, about seventy years of age, and aside from the water, is the principal attraction, for no one will be long in his presence without enjoying many a hearty laugh at his teutonic wit, with which he is abundantly blessed. Uncle Henry is a very hearty, robust old gentleman, and will walk fifteen or twenty miles on the hottest day without apparently being the least bit tired; he drinks copiously of the water, and this may account for his great strength and health. He is a native of the great medical properties of the water and the effects produced by it, and it is truly astonishing to hear him tell of the many cures that have been effected by it since its discovery, which are corroborated by hundreds of living witnesses. To effect a cure it is generally necessary to continue from one to two months, but a person will experience considerable change for the better in two or three days. The effect seems almost instantaneous.

THE ACCOMMODATIONS are limited, but the proprietor boards as many as he can at the low rate of three dollars per week. The camping facilities are good, as there is a grove of timber surrounding the fountain, and Uncle Henry permits all who desire to camp there, use his own wood for campfire, and pastures their teams in his extensive meadows free of charge; there is constantly a good number camping there.

The country around is picturesque and beautiful, and could be made very attractive; and it is a most pleasant visit, and our health was much improved in the short time business would permit us to remain there. Quite a number of boarders and campers, several of whom were from this county, were there. While in Mount City, a beautiful island growing little town two miles from the fountain, we met several acquaintances, among whom were Mr. Bowman and Mr. L. R. Knowles. Mr. Bowman has just started a new paper, the Mount City Spy, in Mount City, which is a very neat paper, and Mr. Bowman will doubtless do much for his town and county. Mr. Knowles was formerly a resident of this city and studied law with Judge Kelley, our present Circuit Judge, and was licensed by the Judge to practice law; and he is now practicing his profession in Mount City. He is an honest young man, and seems to be making his profession a success.

Considerable talk is had in favor of removing the county seat from Oregon to Mount City, which latter place is claimed to be a more central location and the question will doubtless have to be settled at a very distant day by a direct vote of the people. For fear my letter may be already too long, I will close. Yours respectfully, LEX.

Doings About Bolckow.

Mr. Floyd, from Guilford, delivered his first load of lumber on his lot last Monday, preparatory to building his new store room.

H. M. Fox has got his new dwelling house ready for plastering, and, by the way, it is going to be a neat little home.

We notice about five hundred barrels of salt on the grounds of the new pork house. The proprietors have taken time by the forelock and bought this salt before the recent rise in freight. The grounds have been staked off and ready for the builders to commence operations. The main building is to be sixty feet square, two stories high, and built of brick. We notice when our neighbors from Savannah pass through town they can hardly be induced to take a sly glance in the direction of this new enterprise. They don't appreciate this new fangled idea of a pork house in Bolckow, while other towns around us are not a little envious of our future prospects.

W. L. Dyson is still improving slowly, and will soon recover from his recent misfortune in getting kicked by a horse. He is not able to be around yet.

Quite a number of our citizens are attending court at Savannah this week. Among them are Thos. Vaughan, F. Hastings and Uncle Jimmy Neely. Keep a look out for them, and see that they don't get into mischief and finally land in the calaboose.

The thermometer stood at 106° in the shade all day Sunday last, and all the neighbors were in the same fix.

I see some Georgia man has a musical mouse and thinks it is the only one in America. He is badly mistaken, as John Kern has one at his house that sings equal to any canary bird, only not loud. He has spent three weeks in trying to capture it, but so far his efforts have proved a failure. If you have some good mousers in your town, send them up, for Kern will give five hundred dollars to secure it for the St. Joe fair this fall, and no questions asked.

If you see Kildow in Savannah this week, don't interfere with him, as he is contemplating the joys of a honeymoon and is not accountable for what he does, just now. K. NAKER.

King City Items.

There was a match game of base ball played at this place on the 8th inst., between the Stars, of Maysville, and the Lone Stars, of King City, in which the former were defeated by a score of 43 to 11.

A lady of the Christian church preached at this place one evening last week.

John Livingston got his arm broken, one day last week, by a kick from a horse.

One evening last week the lightning struck and killed a mare and colt for T. J. McCarty. Loss \$150.

All quiet on this line. P. M.

People's Delegate Convention.

At 2 o'clock p. m., on Monday last, the brick church on Third street was comfortably filled with delegates from the various townships, met to select delegates to the State Convention of September 2.

On motion of E. Brayton, Silas E. Seeley was chosen Chairman. E. Brayton was then made Secretary.

The object of the meeting was stated by Dr. S. K. Faulkner.

Judge Ephraim Meyers obtained the floor, and proceeded to argue that it was the proper thing for the convention to adopt a set of resolutions or a platform, but was induced to be seated by some one inquiring if there was any business before the convention.

A motion then prevailed requiring each township delegation to select one of their number to constitute a committee on credentials.

The committee shortly afterward reported that the following were entitled to seats in the convention:

Clay Township—G. T. Bennett, J. H. Cox, Wm. Wade, Wm. K. Deboard and C. Young.

Empire—Jos. Carson, Wm. Walker, J. M. Shepherd, Wm. Clark, L. Kirtley.

Nodaway—E. A. Carson, J. F. Waters, Benj. Petree, J. S. Jones and I. N. Webster.

Rochester—John Minton, Jesse Wright, E. Brayton, E. S. Courter and C. W. Douglass.

Benton—Geo. Gunther, John Gressley, J. O. Dungan, Jonathan Elswick and Sanford Stouer.

Lincoln—Jos. Johnson, Christ. Breit, Peter Moser, Jas. Carmichael and John Liggett.

Jackson—C. C. Gee, Daniel Coffman, John Bowers, B. W. Benight and Holmes Robertson.

Washington—Not represented.

Monroe—E. B. McConnell, Anslem Kelley and John E. Cook.

Platte—E. Meyers, Vincent Wilson, Hezekiah Watson, O. B. Sanders and S. K. Faulkner.

Jefferson—L. B. Gordon, James Breckinridge, James Taylor, Newton Bird and W. A. Pyle.

Mr. Taylor moved that each delegate, in discussion, be limited to two speeches of five minutes each.

Judge Ephraim Meyers opposed it in a few remarks a little over five minutes in duration.

Mr. Taylor, in defense of his motion, said the delegates had come here to select delegates to the People's State Convention, and not to listen to long-winded speeches. The people of the township (Jefferson) were in earnest in this people's movement, in spite of the politicians and wire-pullers of either political party.

The motion passed—Judge Meyers voting solidly and singly against it.

Judge Meyers then wanted to read some resolutions. After some expressions of disapprobation, he was allowed to proceed. [The resolutions are about the same as the Platte township resolutions, printed elsewhere.]

After defending the resolutions, Judge Meyers moved their adoption, which was seconded by Dr. S. K. Faulkner.

Mr. N. Bird thought these resolutions, while they might be well in themselves, were ill-timed, and might sow seeds of dissension in this hitherto harmonious movement. At the State Convention, where representatives from all sections could ascertain what was best for the whole commonwealth, would be the proper place to adopt a platform, &c. This convention had but one duty to perform, and that was the selection of delegates.

A motion was made and almost unanimously passed (Judge Meyers voting in the negative), to lay the resolutions on the table.

A motion was made that the convention proceed to elect one delegate.

Judge Meyers "wanted to know" if, when the State convention met and adopted its platform and nominated its ticket, "we would be bound to support them?"

Mr. Taylor stated his idea to be that the State convention would do the best they could, and each individual would have full freedom to cast his ballot as his best judgment dictated.

A motion to amend by inserting two delegates instead of one, was adopted.

An informal ballot was taken, with the following result: C. W. Douglass 11, Seeley 15, Faulkner 9, Holme 2, Bird 10, Brayton 14, Talbot 1, McDaniel 13, Taylor 5, Robinson 1, Rea 3, Waters 1, Watts 1.

On motion, Silas E. Seeley and John McDaniel were unanimously chosen delegates.

After motions were passed for the Executive Committee to devise means to pay the expenses of delegates, requesting papers to publish proceedings, and a vote of thanks to A. Schuster, Esq., for the use of the building to hold the meeting, the convention adjourned.

HORRIBLE MURDER.

J. L. Brister Murdered by His Step-Father.

Mr. J. L. Brister, a worker in marble, who was employed by Stotts & Thurtell, of this city, last spring, had his throat cut from ear to ear, in Creston, Iowa, by J. P. Burnett, his step-father. Both lived in Savannah for several months in the early part of this year, and are known to many here.

Mr. Brister leaves a wife and three children, one but a small babe. The murderer slept in an adjoining room to the family. The building was Burnett's, and Brister boarded him for the use of the house. It seems there had been some family difficulty existing for some time. Burnett had had difficulty with his wife, Mr. Brister's mother, and had threatened her life. Burnett then told Brister that if he would keep the matter quiet about his threats he would establish him (Brister) in business. Brister being a man of but poor circumstances, agreed to do so, his wife, however, urging him not to do so, as she feared Burnett. We have learned of a more inhuman and revolting reason why Burnett established Brister in business, being the affidavit of the wife that Brister agreed to divide the use of his wife with Burnett, and that the immediate cause of the murder was that both were possessed of the same desire at the same time. This is simply outrageous, and is past belief. The murder was committed within three-quarters of an hour of daylight, and the alarm was given in less than five minutes, and in less than half an hour over one hundred men started in pursuit of the murderer.

He was captured Tuesday morning—one account says in a cellar in town, and another (later) says in a field about three miles from town. He was taken to Afton, the county seat, and lodged in jail. They had very hard work to prevent the people from lynching him. About fifty men went to Afton with that purpose in view, but the sheriff, with a large and well armed posse, prevented it.

List of Letters

Remaining in the Post-office, at Savannah, Mo., August 13, 1874, and if not called for in seven days, will be sent to the Dead Letter Office, Washington, D. C.:

Garnet, J. Greene, Charles E. Lewis, Julia A. (care Mrs. B. A. Garner) Mockgaw, Charles Vance, William Williams, G. W.

Persons calling for any of the above letters, will please say "Advertised."

SAMUEL FRODSHAM, Postmaster.

Watermelon Festival

At the Court-house yard, Saturday evening, at 6 o'clock. The proceeds will go to Rev. John Gillies. W. R. Ely furnishes the melons, and will cut some of the largest and finest that were ever brought into Savannah. Charges will be 25 cents per couple. Editors and ministers free.

Convention to Nominate County Officers.

At the meeting of the County Central Committee of the People's party, on Monday, it was resolved to call upon the people, irrespective of party, who are in favor of honesty and efficiency in public stations, to meet at the voting places in their respective townships on Friday, September 11, to select nine delegates to a County convention at Savannah on Saturday, September 12, to place in nomination a people's ticket for county officers.